## Baudot transmission.

Messages coded in Baudot code can be transmitted by binary on/off pulses (for example by on/off electric current or the use of two different frequencies). These are 'square' wave forms, with sharp on/off steps (or as sharp as the apparatus will allow). ' 1 ' represents 'on', and ' 0 ' represents 'off'.


Notes:
1 - the same method can be adopted for transmission of Hellschreiber signals (with 84 pulses per character rather than the 5 used in the Baudot code)

2 - In real transmission systems the pulse stream would include 'stop' and 'start' pulses for each character

3 - The pulses can be treated as 'bits'; but 'binary' as used here simply means two states, not 'binary arithmetic'.

